Key information about the home

There are variations of shared ownership models which have different features. The model of shared ownership may vary depending on:

- what rules were in place at the time the home was funded or planning permission granted
- where the home is located
- whether the home is for a specific group of people

The table below highlights the key features of common shared ownership schemes. The information in this document is for the **standard model shared ownership.**

Shared ownership model	Older model shared	Standard model shared ownership	New model shared
	ownership	C	ownership
Minimum initial share	25%	25%	10%
Lease length	years from new	Leases are for a minimum of 99 years from new but typically at least 125 years	Leases will be for a minimum of 990 years from new
Initial repair period	No	No	Yes
Buying more shares - minimum purchase	10% or 25%	10%	5%
1% share purchase	No	No	Yes
Landlord's nomination period	4 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks

When you are looking for shared ownership homes, you should always check the Key Information Document to see which model covers that specific home.

When you buy a home through shared ownership, you enter into a shared ownership lease. The lease is a legal agreement between you (the 'leaseholder') and the landlord. It sets out the rights and responsibilities of both parties.

Before committing to buy a shared ownership property, you should take independent legal and financial advice.

This key information document is to help you decide if shared ownership is right for you. You should read this document carefully so that you understand what you are buying, and then keep it safe for future reference. This document 'Key information about the home' is a summary and you should consider the information in 'Summary of costs' and 'Guide to shared ownership' before making a decision.



This does not form part of the lease. You should carefully consider the information and the accompanying lease and discuss any issues with your legal adviser before signing the lease.

Failure to pay your rent, service charge, or mortgage could mean your home is at risk of repossession.

The costs in this document are the costs as at the date issued. These will increase (typically on an annual basis) and you should take financial advice on whether this will be sustainable for you.



Property Details

Address	15 Katie Court 7 Edwin Street London E16 1XS		
Property type	Two Bedroom Flat		
Scheme	Shared ownership resale		
Full market value	£380000		
Share Purchase Price and Rent Examples	The share purchase price is calculated using the full market value and the percentage share purchased. If you buy a 40% share, the share purchase price will be £152000 and the rent will be £736.40 a month. If you buy a larger share, you'll pay less rent. The table below shows further examples.		
	Share	Share Purchase Price	Monthly rent
	25%	N/A	N/A
	30%	N/A	N/A
	40%	£152,000	£736.40
	50%	£190000	£613.67
	60%	£228000	£490.93
	70%	£266000	£368.20
	75%	£285000	£306.83
	The percentage share and rent amount will change depending on the amount you can afford. You'll receive a worked example after a financial assessment.		
Monthly payment to the landlord	In addition to the rent above, the monthly payment to the landlord includes:		
	Service charge Estate charge Buildings insurance Management fee Reserve fund paym	£114.54	
	Total monthly payment excluding rent £140.44		
Administration fee	£400		
	You'll need to pay an administration fee to remove the property from the market. When you pay the fee, no one else will be able to reserve the home.		



	The administration fee secures the property while your application is being processed, as long as you meet the given deadlines. If you buy the home, the fee will be refunded to you on completion. If you do not buy the home, the fee is not refundable.	
Eligibility	You can apply to buy the home if both of the following apply:	
	 your household income is £80,000 or less (£90,000 in London) you cannot afford all of the deposit and mortgage payments to buy a home that meets your needs 	
	One of the following must also be true:	
	 you're a first-time buyer you used to own a home but cannot afford to buy one now you're forming a new household - for example, after a relationship breakdown you're an existing shared owner, and you want to move you own a home and want to move but cannot afford to buy a new home for your needs 	
	If you own a home, you must have completed the sale of the home on or before the date you complete your shared ownership purchase.	
	As part of your application, your finances and credit history will be assessed to ensure that you can afford and sustain the rental and mortgage payments.	
Is a Local Connection to the Borough or	No	
District Required?	If the above answer is yes , you <u>must</u> have a local connection to London Borough of Newham either through residency, work or family.	
	If the above answer is no , you <u>do not</u> need to have a local connection to the borough or district.	
Tenure	Leasehold	
Lease type	Shared ownership Flat lease	
Lease term	125 years years from 01/Apr/2018	



For more information, see section 2.5, 'Lease extensions', in the 'Key information about shared ownership' document.	
You can buy up to 100% of your home.	
No. At 100% ownership, the leasehold title remains in your name but your shared ownership obligations fall away.	
Clarion Housing Group Reed House Peachman Way Broadland Business Park Norwich NR7 0WF	
Under a shared ownership lease, you pay for a percentage share of the market value of a home. You enter into a lease agreement with the landlord and agree to pay rent to the landlord on the remaining share.	
When you give the landlord notice that you intend to sell your share in your home, the landlord has 8 weeks to find a buyer. The landlord may offer to buy back your share, but only in exceptional circumstances and if they have funds available. If they do not find a buyer within 8 weeks, you can sell your share yourself on the open market. For example, through an estate agent.	
Are pets permitted at the home? No	
You can rent out a room in the home, but you must live there at the same time.	
You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless you either:	
 own a 100% share; or have your landlord's permission which they will only give in exceptional circumstances (see section 1.5 in 'Key information about shared ownership' document) 	
and	
 have your mortgage lender's permission if you have a mortgage 	



